1887-88
(L.R.)

File No. 42-1887
Serial No. 1-12.

(P.S.4)

Sub:- Appeal of Narahariehar and Raganandrachar in Regarding in tract of land in their possession known as Kotur Devine in the Mulbagal Taluk be treated as Kayamgutta

G. R. S. IX 5]

Previous references.

1887-88
~~192~~ .
(2)

File No 4-2-1887

Serial Nos 1 — 12

Later references.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1 — 12

Part B for June 1895

SUBJECT.

WD 2283- GPB—20,000—4-95.

Official (P.m. No 957
16 July 1887

Appellant
Narahari Char
Raghavendra Char

The Appellants pray that the tract of land in their possession known as Kotter Dinna in the Mulbagal Taluq Kolar Dt. may be treated as Kayamgutta

The facts of the case are briefly as follows

In 1848 Captn Haines Supt of the Bangalore Dn granted to Appellants a tract of land known as Kotter Dinna subject to the following Conditions.

1 Appellants undertake any orders from their superiors

(2)

(a) The area of Dry Lands according to Khasra is 2-9-12 which was to pay at 1½ Rupees per Bigha = 200 Sqr. Yds for Kilahs

1½ Do Do 150 for Chungas

1¾ Do Do 225 for Pakka Karam

(b) The area of Wet or Irrigated Cultivation is shown as shown in the margin 2-4-15. This was to pay at 1½ Rupees per Kuda of 500 Square Yards.

If there is water in the tank & land is not cultivated the above rate should be paid but if the quantity of water be insufficient the Zamindar should raise a crop & pay at the rate of 1½ Rupees per Kuda of 500 Square Yards.

If there be no water in the Tank to irrigate any Crop & pay at 3¼ Rupees per Kuda of 500 Sq. Yards

(c) The area of [illegible] Lands eventually fit for wet

By 2-9-12 = 32.35
Less 2-4-15 = 4.6
3-8-15 = 7.4
5-4-14
44.5

By 88-29
Less 12.4
50-33

24-4

3 Cultivation was, 3 8 76

This was to pay at 1 3/4 Panam
per Kudu of 3200 Sq. Yards
but if any portion of it be
converted into wet he should
pay at 4 Panam per Kudu
of 500 Sq. Yards. After con
version into wet if for want
of sufficient water Jada crops
are raised 1 Panam should be
paid per Kudu of 500 Sq. Yards.
If for want of water dry crops
are raised he should pay at
1/2 Panam per Kudu (500 Sq. Yards)
(d) Pet tanks should be repair-
ed by the Grantee
(e) No remissions to be Granted
(f) Extra Pandayam is to be
paid when 2nd crop is raised
(g) If Payable crops are
raised Assessment should
be paid according to the
nature of the crop
(h) If excess be discovered
in the holding, it is to be
charged with additional
Pandayam.
4 The Patta says that

from the 3rd Jan, the Rate
will be charged "Jahore"
or in one language of Mauza
The Patta is also called
"Jalkar Patta". The Govt
Dept did not deal this
as Rayeyutta evidently
because the whole Land
is not subject to a fixed
Amount, but at different
rates per Kisan for Dry &
Wet Lands respectively &
because the Asst Comm
had no power to decide
whether the assessment is
liable to varia or not
(Vide page 70 Rev. Manual)
It is clear from the Patta
that the rates were intended
to be permanent. If so
the question is whether
the Village should not
be treated as Rayeyu-
-yutta.— As my Comm
reports that there are no
permanent tenures in his
Dt & that no other
precedent in his

5

24/3

similar tenures known as Parsal or Nadu Land have been treated as Inams. Practically there is no appreciable difference between a village paying a fixed rent on the whole village, & a village in which the land is allotted at fixed permanent rates, varying with the character of cultivation. The village may therefore be treated as Inam, but as the grantee has no power to grant the land on permanent rates, & the grant is for 61 years, the land may be charged with half assessment under Section VII of the Inam Rules: —

5 The area of the Inam according to the Survey is

	acres	cts
Dry	38.	29
Wet	72.	4
~~Garden~~	~~50.~~	~~33~~
Garden	.	19
Total	61-	12

122-8

of the above, land assessed (assessed Rent) at Rs 23 appears to have been relinquished by the Surv - The assessment upon the remainder Rs 100-8-0 The Pattadar contends that the rent payable on the

Please see Extract in sheet 2nd herewith

Land ~~in the~~ adjoining
N. the Duke from Co. Cath N
Hainaut & No 52. If any
the said land chargeable
on the division will be
No ~~7~~ 24 which together
with the existing 52
will be No (X) 76 against
No 100-8- in the last survey
account.—

N. Survey area in
~~slightly more than~~ exceeding
the Land relinquished
is slightly more than
that mentioned by the
grant, but not more
than the excess formerly
found in the village.—
~~Notice to be given~~ No
Notice need be taken of
it.—

The Papers were
be forwarded to the Secretary
for his approval, as the
Crown has disposed of it
on peculiar on its nature
& there is no increase.—

LL
29/10/89

(X)
Total 100-8-
Deduct Division Wilson and Rent 52-0-
48-8-
Add Quantity in the adjoining Survey No 52-0-
76-4-0

granted on ordinary Kindergarten rates but on a prospective basis the maximum being allowable in certain number of years, the rates varying according to the nature of the cases covered - there being nothing in the term of the grant to show that the lands were conveyed as farm or Cooperative farms. The use of the term "Federal Aid" was apparently unintentional & resulted from my critique stating that the new Federal combination in the contract of the Act as there it was that all that was intended was that the rate of apportionment given in the Act should remain undisturbed until there was a federal reason

in the whole Taluk

C. Thumboo Chf

30/10/59

To be submitted
to Govt.
[illegible]

Offer made
accepted the
lessees complied -
[illegible]

10

I see no reason
to interfere with
the Settlement -
No Karayanmar
or tenure
was contemplated
nor can it now
be recognized

[illegible]

14

K. Thumboo Chetty

Draft
order
[illegible]
19/11/59

Attended to
accordingly

Notification ~~[illegible]~~

Inam Rules.

Reference should be to Sections 4 & 12 of the Limitation Act Provides 12 years only

Original Settlement Rules.

I. All grants of lands, either free of tax or subject to a quit (light assessment) and whether supported by Sanads or otherwise shall be held to be valid, provided they are registered in Purniaya's Inam to Account of 1800 to 1810.

× × × × ×

VI All personal inams are to be treated according to the terms of the Sanad under which they are held.

× × × × ×

E All other personal inams which are less than 80 years old and not granted by Competent Authorities are to be charged with half assessment without option.

Compulsory enfranchisement at ½ assessment of recent inams less than 80 years old.

E. Thomas

10

12

Note by Hon'ble R H Thumbe Mudliar
Member of Council

. Mulbagal Taluk.

Appellants

Narahara Chari & Raghavendra Chari

in person ——

Official Liquidator.

Rely on (1) Hanmi's adm
Says the pmt was on
a fund dpmnt appl
Pshi undertook carefully
Before. The pmt was
pmd ——

adm 2nd
Off
2/18

10

Note by Mr. R. H. Thundy Mudaliyar
Member of Executive Council

Mullagal Lekshmi

Appellant

Varadara Chari & Raghavendra Chari

in person ——

Translation.

Suit on a bill drawn by the plaintiff on a general agreement stipulating that the defendant should pay the plaintiff monthly ——

Action dismissed

C.J.

22/8

Office Memo 1

Letter No. 520/444 dated 5. Decr. 1805 from the Dfr. Commd. Kolar with forwdg. Ver records relating to the land of Kottur Divine, referred to by Petrs. Narsimhachar and Rajaram Desphan of Mulbagal

It would appear from the above Ver: papers that the above Petrs. addressed the Dewan Badami (while encamped at Mulbagal) & in effect that an immemorial waste Known by the name of Kottur Divine in the Yellandur Hobly of the Mulbagal Taluk was on an application made in Keelaka to Capt. Haines in Chandragiri Division granted on a permanent assessment of 15 Star Pagodas (just like all Kayam Patta villages) & the same was ever since, enjoyed by them in accordance with the Patta given in 1804 & it was subsequently improved by them at a great cost & labour - when they re- presented in person to the

* 18. 5. 05

the Surveyor Gen.l & Revenue Board regarding the Sandolph they were subjected to by the imposition of the heavy assessment on the above Land, they were informed that the orders of the Honble Bahadur Chowdry could be obtained in consequence of the Kings Minority - They therefore requested for remission of the heavy rates imposed -

In the deputation from Peta they stated that Kayem Putta having been issued by Capt Haines the Land was granted in perpetuity by them on a heavy assessment when they verbally requested to grant to confirm the sayd Putta they were in reply also verbally told by that office to the effect that they ought to have represented to the Dewan Sahib & to him the Lands confirmed as Kayemputta - but as they failed to do so, respectfully rejected & there was nothing in his power to help them in the matter & therefore told them to go to the Honble Bahadur

Bahadur - that the Patta
was seen by Col. Grant. but
if this fact did be proved
false their complaint
might be rejected -

The above Petn. which was
sent to the Dy. Comd. Kolar &c.
for report, with copy of Samad
was sent by the latter to the
Amildar of Mulbagal &
calling upon him to report
how the land, in question,
was settled by the Inam Dept.
& if not done so, what was
the reason; & whether it was
borne out by the Inam accounts
or not ? -

The Petn. in the meantime
accepted. The Dy. Comd. also for
reduction of the Assy. accepted
imposed & produced as
directed by the Dewan Bahadur.
the marginally noted documents.

This was also sent for report to the
Amildar with observations
that it appeared from the
Patta presented by Petn. that
the land, in question, was
granted on Shrotriem tenure
but

vide offl. memo No. 2738 27.7.87.

No. 236. dy 20.7.87.

Comg: the enclosed
Cond. No 59 of 1887.
Offl. Patta &c. 1888.

Y dy 20-7-87.

but not as Kayeumputta: whether there was duly regard taken to the above land (a village) was given to Petu in the same manner as all other Kayeumputta villages were granted &c?—

In reply the Interpreter stated that the land, in question was not Kayeumputta & it was therefore not included in the Inam accounts — Kottur, a suburban (attached to the fort Kondakuli) consisted of a few houses belonging to the Ryots, who were cultivating the lands in the neighbourhood held by Petu on Kayeumputta —

Next again the Inamdars are required to be forwarded to submit the Kummidjusti accounts for the year for which Kayeum Putta was granted & also the copy of the latter —

The Inamdar replied that prior to the year 1818 in which the Kayeum Putta for the above land was granted the practice of preparing Kummidjusti Putti was not in force — Besides in the Putta for

No. 639 — Dt. 25-8-07.

No. 13 Dt. 15-10-07.

for 1/5 is one not entitled
-g stated that the land in
question was granted on
continual or permanent
Kandeyam but it was said
in the 3rd Para of the same
that after the term of the
Shrotriem was over it
shd from year to yr be confirm
ed (on the same rate). That
there was no reference for terms
other than the Pattas referred to
to shew that the village in question
was granted like all Kayem=
=Pattas villages. It was said to
be Kayemgatta only in the
case of Hegur Kudh produce
by Petrs - but in the accounts
for the previous yrs the Kunda=
=yem amount had been re
covered and credited under
the head "Nagadiyah" From
the beginning it had been
continued on the same
assessment in terms of the
Patta & there was therefore
no Kumme Jasti in the
accounts -

The depositions taken before
the Amildar, from the Petrs
Nanchimudaliar & Rayarmudaliar
the

No 70 A, 28. 12. 97

the Surrender of Pattas.

That they read the Secretary
150 of 8.07 given them in reply
to their petn to the Govt.
Reg: their land in the New villages
It will refer to the question of that
it appeared from the Petn
that the land in question
seemed to have been part
of Shenga Tenure in ... and
as Kaganipatta (251) with
regard to the query as to what
rates were with them to which
that the land (or village) was
granted like all Kaganipatta
villages, sent with that in the
Petn pleaded, produced by them
it was not any Tenure (Service)
(Ecclesiastical or Permanent
assessment) but after that
Service to the Govt for entire
subsidy, it being an Ins-
cumbent Tenure, we advise
on Shenga Tenure for 2 years
& from the 3rd year it should
(if was confirmed) on Permanent
assessment (vide Regn. January 15 — 7/10.
vide Col 3 of the Petn, where
it was pleaded that when
the Tenure of the Shenga Tenure
was over in the year by year
be confirmed on the same Permanent

d) 20-10-

Permanent assessment
Pcts merits about such
money for the improvement
of the land & they having
built the village & brought
in Ryots, enjoyed the land
in lieu of the same find
Cowdayem annually -
There was no Kunnicjasti
in the rate, at the survey
settlement, when, heavy rate
of assessment was imposed
on their holdings in common
with the other lands - Pets
had no other reference except
the orig. Pattas of the early
end of 1805: produced by them
in support of their statement -

It is also apparent that in
July 1851 a Petn was addressed
by Raghunatharaz of Vuttoya-
-tay that on the village Kottur
-ing granted to him on per-
-manent Cowdayem that
12 logs of wood (timber) be
ordered to be granted for the
construction of 4 houses
for the Ryots, whom
he had newly brought to that village
for the cultivation of his land

& that he derive no
good from the fear, other
ryots of that village -
To this, Capt Hamilton
Rang: did not give any credit &
the effect that any improve-
ment required towards the
cultivation &c of the Kaysen
=pulla village should be
done by the Kaysenpulladay
himself as he had to
enjoy the benefits derived
therefrom - nothing could
be done & sent for it -

—

The following are the details
& conditions of the Pulla issued
by Capt Hamilton, (late Asst Collr
Rang: dy) & Nomination of Raghu
=tamaiyan - Cudda. Dindigal -

—

"With reference to his Memorial
received from the Amildar for the
dry land-sof Kottiur Nimi)
& the wet lands (below the
Madalkoodi tank) attached
to the Kottiur Nimi
in the Vothamur Hobly of the
Dindigal Talluk in Cudda
=pah District & for which
he (the Amildar) has,
in accordance with the order No 254,
issued

D: 50 &, 17-1851.

cancelled, since we Krishna
Rao for security and has in
lieu executed a Muchalika;
this Patta has been duly ap
proved & granted subject to
the following conditions -

The original rate offered
by him per Kadu of dry
land being 1½ Fanams &
that for wet land, 1⅝ Fanams
the rates are 1 3/4 Fanams per
Kadu of dry & 1 11/16 Fanams per Kadu
of wet land have with the
consent of the Durkhastdar
been confirmed & he should
merge, after the expiration
of the term of the Pattah
Tenure, continue to pay
Continuation Fanams and other
Taxes as detailed in the margin

.t not clear

Dry land found on
Pymaish was 2 - 3 - 12 -
K K P

ie.
Zamam Varaha Huna Vish
For Cultivation @ 1½ per Kadu was 5 - 2 - 3
" Sowings @ 1½ per " " 3 - 7 - 4½ - 2
" Sadharam @ 1¾ per " " 8 - 7 - 1.
22 - 3⅛ - 6

Wet land as per Pymaish in
Kawiri Kadu Pada
Kumanda was - 6 - 3 - 7.
K.K.P
of which Jari Inam " - 11 - 7
Sarvar pardu - " - " - 8½
Deduct Total - - " - 11 - 15½
Remainder 5 - 17 - 7½

Deduct out of this Karad land
The remaining fertile } 2 L. - 15
fit for three crop cultivation }
Those fit for wet cultivation } 3 - 8 - 15
Non Tank two fasle - }
Total 5 - 9 - 14

Progressive rent fixed
for the years Pasodara Zamam Visa
viz.
Kaedaka 13 - 3 - 4
Sowings 14 - 4 - 11
Sadharana 15 - - 2

After

After the Divisional Engineer, the final rate of assessment should be confirmed to the Landholder in abstract/summary & a receipt obtained for the same. The Landholder should next confirm the Tank Catalogue by entry of assessment on such portion of the remaining dry land (vide K K P 3-8-15) which he might have been using under wet cultivation —

When the tank is fed from reservoirs would be given in case the old practice of the wet land under cultivation —

At times when there is insufficient quantity of water in the tank to flood raise Tadi pasal (or Punja crops) & they necessitate the sale of one Tavanam per kudi & when there is no water at all the S.D. raise dry crops & pay ½ of a Tavanam per kudi. The above rules apply to wet lands only & not to dry lands which may hereafter be converted into wet — when the

P. H. V.
15-7-2

K K
2 - 11 - 15 (wet)
3 - 8 - 15 (dry)

Dry crops may similarly be brought under this for wet cultivation & when the wet cultivation is hinder= =ed from want of water, the said rain fed land & dry crop shall remain subject to Fasuan for such portion of it as can be brought under Punja cultiv= =ation, & dry as the remain= =ing dry extent at the Fasuan for Kuccha - Further if any excess be found in his holdings on measurement the same being wet undergoes according as it is wet or dry. The conditions referred to apply only to one crop & not to 2 crops if 2 crops be raised in one year, the said dry extra undergoes & if Raja Vele crops be raised the said dry assessment according to its nature -

The applicant should abide by the aforesaid conditions

D. Ramiah

Reference. — Plan, Report, Estimate dated 2nd $\frac{23\,11}{39}$ dated 27.3.93 stating that the Public Quarters & Pensioners Accommodation at Newhaven will be required with the least delay from this office after receipt of their report, & estimate thereon.

—

In February last a similar reply was supplied to me, to the effect that the Public Quarters at Newhaven & Cuckmere would not be required, as the Coastguard Service had been reduced, & I am told there is no practice in this Office to retain the records after reports & estimates either when they are received or after they are returned. In the Report Commissioners state that the Pensioners

cala

- order paper of Justices was not received in the Office & records were accidentally examined in the Office when they were returned & then with the order dated 11th January last, and the document found wanting.

I directed search to be made in this Office & asked if it could be explained, but it is reported to document is not forthcoming. There is a presumption that it was shewn in the course ~~of~~ after papers but in the absence of a rule or practice requiring the examination of records before swearing them, the presumption is not a strong one could be raised.

Report this to the Lord Chancellor & necessities be explained.

Mem. Should I think be a rule requiring examination of records before they are used & when they are returned. So far as the Department is concerned the clerk & those persons who are then after the Affidavits are sworn in the Court Office, and the depositions, clerk, will be directed to examine the Records.

The examination may take

and are returned unconnected papers put up herewith erroneously

this was the despatch (Cecil? Did he see the Paper? It may have been mixed up with the other case mentioned in the Letter Book Comm. Letter. Please refer to the Despatch Book and see what other terms passage was despatched on the 11th Jan. 73

much Rules agreement is made among Parties Records to a Court upon Reply & Depositions before after that is done Off.

Certainly - Such Examinations should be inserted in the Rules in every case. There ought not to be more than a few hours delay for this purpose.

Jno

2/6

Rule order 2nd to explanation of the Clerk concerned & then records been returned

Off 2/6

14

Sometime. I would delay
in dispatching ~~[illegible]~~
orders, & observed that at
all events the vessels could
be dispatched without the
usual notice delay to enter
[illegible] into terms with Brazil
when they are ready.

Submitted to the Cabinet.

- Secretary

Read 1/6.

No. 273

Mysore Dewan's Office,

PETITION DEPARTMENT.

Official Memorandum.

The accompanying Petition No. [illegible], dated [illegible] received at the Dewan's Office from [illegible]

is forwarded, ~~together with~~ its ——— enclosures, to the Deputy Commissioner Kolar District for report with Copy of Kannada

BANGALORE,
27th July 1887.

By Order,

Secretary.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—5-10-86.—2000.

No 1520.
4th.

26

2

Deputy Comm. in Office,
Kolar District.
Camp Hingsani,
31st December 87
4 January 88

To
The Chief Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

Sir,

R.R. 4287-2

Adverting to your Official Memorandum No 275, dated the 2nd July last, forwarding for report a petition (herewith returned with its enclosures) from Narahariachar and Raghunadachar of Kasba Mulbagal, I have the honor to submit for information the accompanying file of papers ending with the Mulbagal Amildar's Arji No 761 of the 28th October 87, from which it will be observed that under the orders of the Superintendent of the late Bangalore Division, the land called "Kothur Dinna" referred to, was granted to one Shamiah Kar in 1848, on Shrotry Kowle for 2 years, subject to the payment of full Assessment at the Rates fixed at the time. So this does not seems to be partaking the nature of an Inam, nor was it dealt with by the Inam Department as Kayemgutta.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obed.t Servant,

Deputy Commissioner

1888

From

The Deputy Commissioner
Kolar Gold Fields

To

The Chief Secretary to the
Dewan of Mysore

Dated 31st December 1887
Despatched 4th January
Received

Enclosures Nos. telegrams
vide Nos.

General No. 1520
No. 444 1887

States that the land Pillo
Kottur dinné, referred to by
the petitioners para having a
and Rayfanedra chas. of
Enchalagal, was not treate
as Rayamputta by the Inam
Department. —

To

The Dy: Comr:
Kolar

Local Management

~~Order~~

L.A. 42-87-3

With reference to his letter to the Chief Secretary dated 31st December 1887 No 1520, the Dy Comr: of Kolar is requested to furnish information on the following points:—

(a) What is the total area of 'Kattes' irrigated according to the Survey, & how much of it is Dry, Wet & Kharal respectively?

(b) What is the total assessment paid by the holders of the land during each year since the introduction of the Settlement rates and at what rates was it paid? What is the amount which

they would have had to pay during those years according to the rates fixed by Capt. Daines in 1848.

(c) Compared with the prevailing rates of assessment existing at the time of the grant were the rates fixed by Capt. Daines favourable to the Grantee - If so to what extent? Compare the two rates.

(d) Are there any other Lands in the District of Kilala held on similar tenure & if there are, how have they been disposed of.

2. Other papers connected with the subject are herewith sent for

30

ready reference. Pl. keep should

be returned with the 1st

Comm.rs reply.

AM

6/6/87

Fo.

Ale By Comd Navy

6 June 1889

11

No 1900

71

Ch

(General Serial No. 29.)

1889

2857
17 JUL 89
190

From The Deputy Commissioner
Tiptur District

To The Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore.

Dated 15th July 1889.

Despatched 15th July 1889.

Received 17th July 1889.

Enclosures No. Petition and Memorandum

General No. 1150 / 1889-90.
No. 190

His official Memorandum No. 1900/71 Dated the 6th Instno calling for further information in connection with the Land called Kottur Dinne in the Kultagal Taluk

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With reference to the above, has the honor to submit herewith a memo furnishing information on the several points therein alluded to as reported by the Taluq officer.

The Kannarese papers bearing on the subject as per accompanying

Submitted
17.7.89

Read letter
17/7

Issue notice to Petitioners to appear by Counsel to submit further information required in the matter before that date.
21/7/1889

Petitioners appeared by Counsel
23/7/89

Heard Counsel

Hearing 22nd August 1889

Call for the Taluq check & Cadastral Survey Maps.
22/8/1889

Jerich ara abo Sherrith Sch

Ltd. for further reference

Albert Cohen

Schuly - Bamm

Memo furnishing information on the several points raised in the Collector's Survey Officer's Memoran-
dum No: 1930/77 dated the 6th June 1887 in connection with Kottur
Dame, Mulbagal Taluk.

4/1

Queries	Replies
(a) What is the total area of Kottur Dame according to the Survey and how much of it is dry, wet and Kharab respectively?	(a) The total Survey area of the Dame is acres 57 - Guntas 12 of which 38 - 29 is dry, a 12 - 8 wet and a - 8 - 19 garden. No Kharab.
(b) What is the total assessment paid by the holders of the land during each year since the introduction of the settlement-rates and at what rates was it paid? What is the amount which they would have had to pay during these years according to the rates fixed by Captain Hamed in 1848.	(b) The Settlement-rates were introduced in 1887/88. The total assessment paid by the holders of the land in that year was Rs 122-8-a and in the next, Rs 100-8-a the decrease being due to the holders having subsequent to the Survey Settlement relinquished lands bearing an assessment of Rs 22-a-a. The Survey Settlement-rates as follows:-

	From Rs-a	To Rs-a
Dry	1-8	-2-1
Wet	5-4	5-15
Garden	3-8	7-a

The amount which the holders would have had to pay during the said 2 years according to the rates fixed by Captain

	Rs. A. P.
1887–88	55 — —
1888–89	52 — —

compared with the prevailing
tes of assessment existing at
time of the grants were the
tes fixed by Captain Haines
reasonable to the grantee. If so,
what extent? Compare Kuthu
tes.

(c) At the time of the grant
of the lands in question were
lands existed in the neighbourhood
and if they at the time subj
of immemorial waste attached
to a dispossessed village, if so
given out on Shrotriya tenure
rates fixed by Captain Haines
not seem to have been based
upon any prevailing rates of
assessment. Do applicants that
holders offered certain rates
the land and the same rough
out to them at slightly higher
rates.

Are there any other lands
the District of Kolaba held
similar tenure and if there
, how have they been

(d) The Assistant of Mulb
reports that there are no other
similar cases in his Taluka. I
reports of the other Assistant

information for those Talukas will be submitted.

Abdul L. Rahman,

Deputy Commissioner

(General Serial No. 20.)

1889.

From

To

Dated

Despatched 25

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 3035

No. 111

36 (General Serial No. 30.)

188

From 6

To L.R. 42-87-6
The Dep: Comm:
Kaira Dist

Dated 21
Despatched } August 1/89
Received

Enclosures No.

General No.
P. No. 236.

Please return this office No. 3033 of 1889 dated 3rd August with report on the information furnished in the memorandum submitted with No. 150 of 1890 dated 15th idem, in connection with the land called Kotna Dimri, Nadiad taluka, mauje Sunichad within fourteen days.

By order

Draft

Under Sec[y]

37 (General Serial No. 31.)

1889.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE
4006
23 AUG 89
287

From

The Registrar, Calcutta High Court

7

To The Chief Secretary to the ~~Dewan~~ Government of Mysore

Dated 21st August 1889

Despatched 22

Received

Enclosures No. Nil

General No. 1540 / No. 250 1889-90

I have the honor to inform you that the Chief Secretary to this Government has been appointed an Extra Puisne Judge of this High Court, and that he took his seat on the Bench on the 19th instant.

Adverting to the above, I have the honor to state that the marginal numbers are required in connection with the cases in which the Chief Secretary to this Government was engaged as Counsel before he was appointed a Judge of this High Court.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Registrar

Refer
28/8
Asst Secy
Commissioner
26/8

Communicate
Mr. Chief Secretary
Calcutta
Congratulations
Confidential (Cab. Tank)
Facilitate -

Registrar

Für Ihre Bemühungen kann ich Ihnen leider keine Hoffnung machen, denn Ihr Bruder ist unheilbar krebskrank. Eine Operation würde nur seine Leiden verlängern, aber nicht sein Leben retten. Ich bitte Sie, Ihrer Mutter diese Tatsache schonend beizubringen.

Adolf Tolmer

Chirurg

OFFICE OF THE
4103
27.AUG.89
240

(General Serial No. 31.)

188

From The Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District.

Part II — 8

To The Chief Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

L.dis. 42-87-8

Dated 22nd August 89.

Despatched 23 — do —

Received

Enclosures No. Nil

General No. 1549 1889-90

No. 253

Sir,

With reference to your kharita
No. 236 of the 21st Instant, I have the honor
to refer you to this Office No. 4006 / 1540 / 250 of yesterday
days date.

2. I beg to submit that the Survey
Settlement has superseded all old tenures
and in this view there seems little necessity
to reopen the question.

3. If however the Government should
be pleased to view the petitioners case as
deserving of special consideration, it may be

the disbursed of necessity

I have the honor to be

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant

Robert Liberman

Fort Berry

Lt. Gov. Commanding

40

(9)

Petition No: 957 Dated
15 July 1887

28

Appellants -
Narahari Achar
Raghavendrachar
of Kottur Dinne
in the Mulbagal Taluk
Kolar District.

The appellants pray
that the tract of land
in their possession known
as Kottur Dinne in
the Mulbagal Taluk
may be treated as
Kayamgutta.

2 The facts of the case
are briefly as follows -

3 In 1848 Captain
Haines, Supdt of the Bangalore Division granted
to one Annachar,
apparently without any
orders from his superiors,
a tract of land known
as

party
e reported
e no encroachment
Tract proposed
Taluk
the

Pai maish was K K P
2 - 9 - 12.
This was to pay —
at 1/4 fanam per kuzhi
of 3200 sqr: yds: for the
year Keelaka.

at 1/2 50: for Saumya
" 1 3/4 50 " Sadharana

(b) The area of wet
lands fit for wet culti-
vation ordinarily was
K K P
2 - 0 - 15. This was
to pay at 1/4 fanam per
kuzhi of 500 sqr: yds:

(c) If there is water in the
tank and the land
is not cultivated, the
above rate should be paid,
but if the quantity of
water be insufficient
the grantee should raise
dry Crop & pay at the
rate of 1 fanam per
kuzhi of 500 sqr: yds.

36 (General Serial No. 30.)

188 .

From 6

To D.C. 42-87-6
The Dy: Comm.r
Kaira Dn.

Dated 21
Despatched } August 1889
Received

Enclosures No.

General No. .
P. No. 236.

Reminder to this office No. 2005-30 of 11th inst. regarding the information promised in the memorandum submitted with No. 1150 of the 15th idem, in connection with the case called Ratan Dipa, Nadiad taluka, wages furnished without further delay.

By order

Draft

Under Sec.y

37 (General Serial No. 31.)

1889.

OFFICE OF THE
4006
23. AUG. 89
237
DEWAN OF MYSORE

From

The Deputy Commissioner
Kolar District

7 General

To The Chief Secretary to the ~~Dewan~~
of Mysore

D.O. 42-87-7

Dated 20th August

Despatched 22

Received

Enclosures No. Nil

General No. 1540
No. 250 1889-90

I have the honor to forward herewith the Returns called for in your Circular Memo. No. 1540-1 dated 17th instant regarding waste lands in this District.

According to the above Returns there are only 7 villages in this District containing waste lands, and the extent of waste land in each village is very small.

The

Dry crop area
fanam per Kuda of
sq: yds.

(d) The area of lands eventually fit for wet cultivation was 3-8-15. This was to pay at 1¾ fanam per Kuda of 3200 sq: yds, but if any portion of it be converted into wet it should pay at 1 fanam per Kuda of 500 sq: yds. In the conversion into wet for want of sufficient water, 2nda crops are raised, 1 fanam should be paid per Kuda of 500 sq: yds. If for want of water Dry Crops are raised he should pay at ½ fanam per Kuda (500 sq: yds)

Here

area
Dry lands
Adaptation
Wet Lands
Rice / Vegetables
Kuda Valuation

(e) The tank should be repaired by the grantee

(f) Extra Kandayam to be paid when 2nd Crop is raised

(g) No remissions to be granted

raised, assessment
should be paid according
to the nature of the crop.

50

(i) If excess be discovered
in the holding, it is
to be charged with additional
Kandayam.

4. The Patta says that
from the 3rd year the
rates will be charged
"Yaksa" or in one
uniform manner. The
Patta is also called "Yaksa"
Patta. The Inam Dept
did not treat this as
Kayamgutta evidently
because the whole land was
is not subject to a fixed
amount. but at different
rates per Kuda for dry
& wet lands respectively,
& because the Inam
Commissioner had no
power to decide whether
the assessment was liable
to revision or not. The Dy
Comr. reports that there

Ich bitte Sie, dass wir die Sache
Ihrer Regierung, sowie Ihnen, dass
Sie mich sobald als möglich unmittelbar
benachrichtigen, die Ingerenz des Ge-
richts auf Ihre Person betreffend, Gefälligst
wollen zu Handen meiner Regierung.

Adieu Colmar

Ihr

Adieu

OFFICE OF THE
4103
27 AUG 89
240
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER ORE

(General Serial No. 31.)

188

From The Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District.

Part II 8

To The Chief Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

Dl. 42-87-8

Dated 22nd August 89.
Despatched 23 do
Received

Enclosures No. Nil

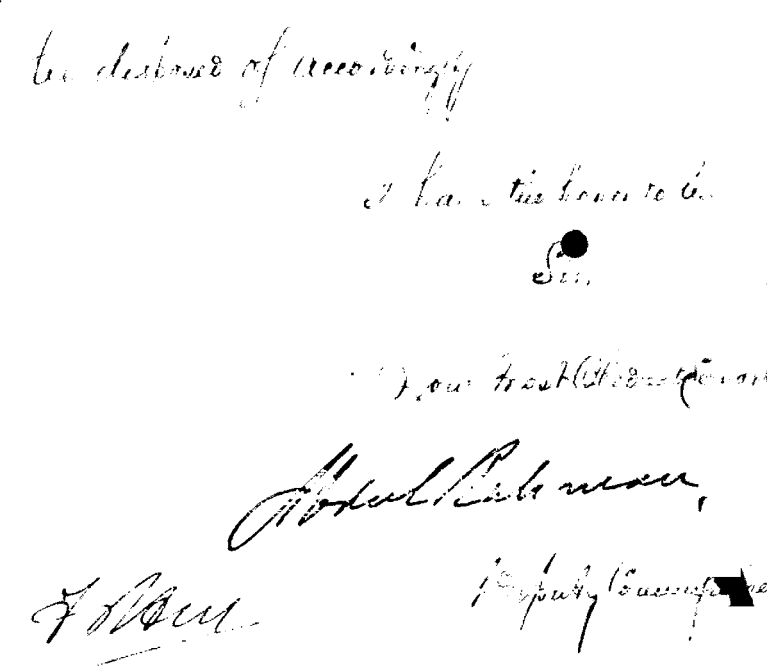
General No. 1549 1889-90
No. 253

Sir,

With reference to your Docket
No. 236 of the 21st Instant, I have the honor
to refer you to this Office No. 1540/4006 250 of yesterday's
day's date.

2. I beg to submit that the Survey
Settlement has superseded all old tenures
and in this view there seems little necessity
to reopen the question.

3. If however the Government should
be pleased to view the petitioner's case as
deserving of special consideration, it may be



no similar tenures in his district and that there is no other precedent.

5 The question at issue is whether under the circumstances the Village should be treated as "Kaiyam patta".

6. There is nothing in the terms of the present Pyram's grant to show that the lands were conveyed as Inam or Kaiyam patta for ever. The use of the term "Pyrkish" was apparently unauthorised. All that was intended by the present appears to be that the rate of assessment should remain undisturbed until there was a general revision of assessment. The area & assessment according to the survey

is

Ly -

	a	f.
Dry -	38	29
Wet -	12	4
Garden -	0	14
Total	51	22

assessed at Rs: 122 " 8 " 0. Govt: therefore see no reason to interfere with the settlement as no Kanyam suits or Arrear Cases were contemplated nor can it be now be recognized. Appeal dismissed.

30/M

Chief Secretary

Draft

Print

Sent. 1-6-22

The Appellants are informed that their appeal has been dismissed

Draft

Sd

46

(10)

No. 957.

MYSORE DEWAN'S OFFICE,
PETITION DEPARTMENT,
27 December 1892.

11-1-93

Endorsement granted to Venkatanarasachar & Raghavendrachar of Kottur Inam, Kadigal Taluk, Kolar district,
in reply to their Petition Registered No. 957 dated 5th July 1887.

—— L.A. 42-87-10

Petitioner is informed that their appeal has been dismissed as there are no sufficient grounds to interfere with the Settlement. No Enjungutta or Inam tenure was contemplated when the lands were originally granted, nor can it now be recognized.

2. The enclo. is returned.

"By Order,"

Chief Secretary.

Ben

Mysore Govt. Central Press, Bangalore.—5-7-92—1000

(General Serial No. 30.)

47

1893.

From

The Deputy Commissioner,
Kolar District.

To

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

Dated the 24th January 1893.

Despatched 30th

Received

Enclosures No. 1 file

General No. 311

No. 539

Sir,

With reference to your letter No. 2953-4 dated 2-12-92 forwarding Govt. Order on the petition of Narasimachar and Raghavendrachar of Kolar Cantonment, I have the honour to return herewith a file of unconnected papers, relating to the petition of the Nanjarayappa Chetty of Malavanipalli, Bangarpet District, received with your above cited letter, and to acknowledge marginally the receipt

31/1/93

Petition granted in 1845 to Nanjarayappa Chetty of Malavanipalli

Petitioner
Jan 31

With
various
papers &
return the
papers recd
VL
Ltr Sec

Sir,

The unconnected papers of Narasimma Chetty have been sent to Govt. Records to place in their proper file.

Sect
22/3/93

had been filed with the
Records submitted with the
Office letter No. 155/190 dated
the 5th July 1889 may kindly
be retransmitted the same
not having been received
with the reference under-
acknowledgment.

Deputy Commissioner.
Jaca

(General Serial No. 30.)

189

(12)

From

The Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore.

To L.G. 4287-19
The Deputy Commr
Kolar District

Dated 5th

Despatched 9th } January 1894.

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 10352
Pers. No. 23892

His Decr No 2311/539 dated 27th January last stating that the petition received in petitioner's Vakalatnama and letter dt 15th inst was not received in his office and requiring steps taken to obtain petition of Suryanarayana Bhatta of Malavagalu, which had been erroneously sent to his office.

In reply I am to inform you that the petition referred to has been received in this office & a search also was made for it.

5/1/94